

Git Commands Cheat Sheet

Essential Git commands for developers — Setup to advanced workflows

🔧 Setup & Config

COMMAND	DESCRIPTION
git init	Initialise new repository
git clone <url>	Clone remote repository
git config --global user.name "..."	Set username
git config --global user.email "..."	Set email
git config --list	Show all settings

📁 Basic Workflow

COMMAND	DESCRIPTION
git status	Show working tree status
git add <file>	Stage specific file
git add .	Stage all changes
git commit -m "msg"	Commit staged changes
git commit -am "msg"	Stage & commit tracked
git diff	Show unstaged changes
git diff --staged	Show staged changes
git log --oneline	Compact commit history
git log --graph --all	Visual branch history

🌿 Branching

COMMAND	DESCRIPTION
git branch	List all branches
git branch <name>	Create new branch
git branch -d <name>	Delete branch (safe)
git branch -D <name>	Force delete branch
git checkout -b <name>	Create & switch
git switch <branch>	Switch branch (modern)
git switch -c <name>	Create & switch (modern)
git merge <branch>	Merge into current
git merge --no-ff <branch>	Merge with merge commit

🔄 Common Workflow

```
git checkout -b feature/my-thing
→ make changes
git add . && git commit -m "Add feature"
git push -u origin feature/my-thing
→ open pull request → merge → delete branch
```

🌐 Remote Operations

COMMAND	DESCRIPTION
git remote -v	List remotes
git remote add <name> <url>	Add remote
git fetch	Download remote changes
git fetch --prune	Fetch & clean dead refs
git pull	Fetch & merge
git pull --rebase	Fetch & rebase
git push	Push to remote
git push -u origin <branch>	Push & set upstream
git push --force-with-lease	Safer force push

🔄 Undoing Changes

COMMAND	DESCRIPTION
git restore <file>	Discard changes
git restore --staged <file>	Unstage file
git reset --soft HEAD~1	Undo commit, keep staged
git reset --mixed HEAD~1	Undo commit, unstage
git reset --hard HEAD~1	Undo commit, discard all
git revert <commit>	Create undo commit
git clean -fd	Remove untracked files

📦 Stashing

COMMAND	DESCRIPTION
git stash	Stash current changes
git stash save "msg"	Stash with message
git stash list	List all stashes
git stash pop	Apply & remove latest
git stash apply	Apply without removing
git stash drop	Delete specific stash
git stash clear	Delete all stashes

📄 .gitignore Essentials

```
node_modules/ — Dependencies
.env — Secrets & API keys
*.log — Log files
.DS_Store — macOS junk
dist/ build/ — Build output
*.pyc __pycache__/ — Python cache
.vscode/ .idea/ — Editor settings
```

🔥 Advanced

COMMAND	DESCRIPTION
git rebase <branch>	Rebase current branch
git rebase -i HEAD~3	Interactive rebase
git cherry-pick <commit>	Apply specific commit
git reflog	Show reference log
git bisect start	Binary search for bug
git tag <name>	Create lightweight tag
git tag -a <name> -m "..."	Create annotated tag
git submodule add <url>	Add submodule
git blame <file>	Show who changed what

🚑 Emergency Commands

SCENARIO	FIX
Wrong branch	reset --soft HEAD~1 → switch → commit
Undo last commit	git reset --soft HEAD~1
Deleted branch	git reflog → checkout -b name <sha>
Old file version	git checkout <sha> -- <file>
Pushed secrets	reset --hard HEAD~1 → force push ⚠️
Merge conflicts	Edit files → git add → git commit

⚡ Aliases

```
[alias] in ~/.gitconfig
st = status · co = checkout · br = branch
ci = commit · unstage = reset HEAD --
last = log -1 HEAD
lg = log --graph --pretty=format:'%h -%d %s (%cr)' <%an>' --abbrev-commit
undo = reset --soft HEAD~1
amend = commit --amend --no-edit
```

Pro Tips

- Use `git status` constantly — it's your compass
- Commit early, commit often
- Write clear, descriptive commit messages
- Always pull before you push
- Never force push to shared branches
- Use `.gitignore` from day one
- `git reflog` can save your life
- Learn interactive rebase — it's a superpower
- Use `--force-with-lease` instead of `--force`